

Title: Perc components and normal components
Generated on: 2026-04-07 14:09:26
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This rule is a screening tool with high sensitivity, but low specificity. In other words, a patient meeting all of the PERC criteria has a very low likelihood of having a PE, but a person failing ...

Check all of the following that are true: In patients with low suspicion for PE (best-guess pre-test probability $\leq 15\%$) AND all are true, only 0.9% had PE (n=7527) and it can be ruled-out without ...

Always double CHECK inputs and computer-generated outputs, data processing and original sources manually. Normal values presented here are only a general guide. It is essential to ...

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For patients who are at low risk for acute PE, use the Pulmonary Embolism Rule-out Criteria (PERC) to exclude the diagnosis without further diagnostic testing.

Although this study was not reported as a management study and indeed the study documented that clinicians often fail to document all the components of the PERC rule in the medical ...

If the patient is considered low risk, the PERC Rule may help avoid further testing. If the patient is moderate or high risk, then PERC Rule cannot be utilized.

To enable clinicians to confidently rule out PE while reducing the number of unnecessary CTPAs, several clinical rules have been developed and validated.

Website: <https://www.geochojnice.pl>

